

Mrs. Grant Writes
ON HOW GENERAL GRANT PROPOSED.
Jessie Benton Fremont
ON "OUR DEBT OF GRATITUDE TO THE
GREAT COMMANDER."
Mrs. Jefferson Davis
ON "WAR TIME WOMEN AND THEIR IN-
FLUENCE."
All in SUNDAY'S JOURNAL

NEW YORK JOURNAL AND ADVERTISER.

The American Girl
HER FAULTS DEPICTED BY THAT FA-
MOUS RUSSIAN WHITE, MME. Z. RAGOZIN
New Jubilee Fashions
SOMETHING NO WOMAN OR HUSBAND
CAN AFFORD TO MISS.
Gen. Grant as a Family Man
BY MISS STEPHEN DOUGLAS.
Next Sunday in THE JOURNAL

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GREEK STRATEGY MAY DEFEAT TURKISH FORCE

Edhem Pasha, with His 40,000 Men, Is March- ing Into a Trap.

Meanwhile the Greek Force, Leav- ing Damasi, Is Cutting Its Way to His Rear.

The Greek War Ships Bombard Platamona in the East and Preveza in the West, Doing Terrible Execution.

Katerina Is Also to Be Shelled, and Then the Fleet Will Move to Salonica—Greeks Gain Brilliant Victories in Epirus.

By Langdon Perry.

ATHENS, April 21.—The bombardment of Platamona to-day by the Greek fleet reveals at last the clever plan of campaign which Prince Constantine is slowly unfolding.

While Edhem Pasha, with an army of 40,000, is surrounding the Greek headquarters at Larissa, a Greek army of 20,000 is pushing rapidly to the rear of the Turkish forces, with the intention of cutting off the enemy's line of retreat and base of supplies.

A portion of this army, which landed at Eleutheropoli, west of Kavali, some days ago, has as an objective point the Dedeagatch-Salonica Railroad, which is the solitary line of supplies for the Turkish army.

Trap Planned for Edhem Pasha.

With the support of the Greek fleet, which has arrived at Platamona, it is now believed that Edhem Pasha's army will be caught on the plains of Thessaly with 35,000 Greeks under Prince Constantine in front of him and 20,000 men and the Greek fleet behind him in possession of his line of retreat and base of supplies.

This dire contingency was not suspected by the Turkish commander until yesterday.

A short distance west of Melouna the Greek army has taken the pass of Reveni, and is making its way into Turkish territory. It has captured the Turkish town of Damasi, and leaving it in ruins has invested the town of Viglia. Thus the two armies have passed each other, each going into the enemy's country.

Greeks Plan an Important Move.

As yet nothing has been heard of the 20,000 Greeks who are in the mountains east of Melouna pass. It was said at the palace to-day that at the proper time this portion of the Greek army would make an important move.

The investment of Larissa has already begun. Two divisions of the Turkish army have arrived at a point about a mile and a half from that town. They have also captured the towns of Krichora and Badji.

The artillery duel which has been going on between the Greek and Turkish batteries across the river at Arta in the west still continues, although several Turkish batteries have been silenced.

Wherever the Greeks have gained a foothold in Epirus they have erected fortifications. Colonel Manos, with 25,000 men, is pressing steadily forward toward Yanina, which is the base of supplies for the Turkish army in the west. He has already taken Philippia.

The Greek fleet has taken possession of the Turkish islands of Chios and Mytelene.

Porte Urged to Hasten Fleet.

To meet the plan of campaign of Prince Constantine, which he now seems to fully realize, Edhem Pasha has requested the Porte to order the Turkish fleet hurried to the Gulf of Salonica to meet the Greek vessels. The original plan of the Turkish commander was, apparently, to divide his army into two portions, one of which was to try to break through at the western end of the frontier at the Gulf of Arta, while the other was to force the passes commanding the approaches to Larissa, and so by different routes advance on Athens.

The plan of campaign in the west has failed signally. The Turks have been greatly disconcerted by the arrival of a portion of the Greek fleet in western waters, the bombardment of Preveza and the vigorous attacks of the Greek army under Colonel Manos.

Instead of passing the boundary at Arta the Turks have found that the Greeks have invaded Turkish territory, and that Colonel Manos is now well on his way to Yanina.

TURKS IN A SNARE.

Greeks Hold the Reveni Pass, and
May Soon Cut Off Edhem
Pasha's Supplies. A 210

Athens, April 21.—Midnight.—The Crown Prince Constantine telegraphs from Larissa, the headquarters of the Greek forces in Thessaly, as follows:

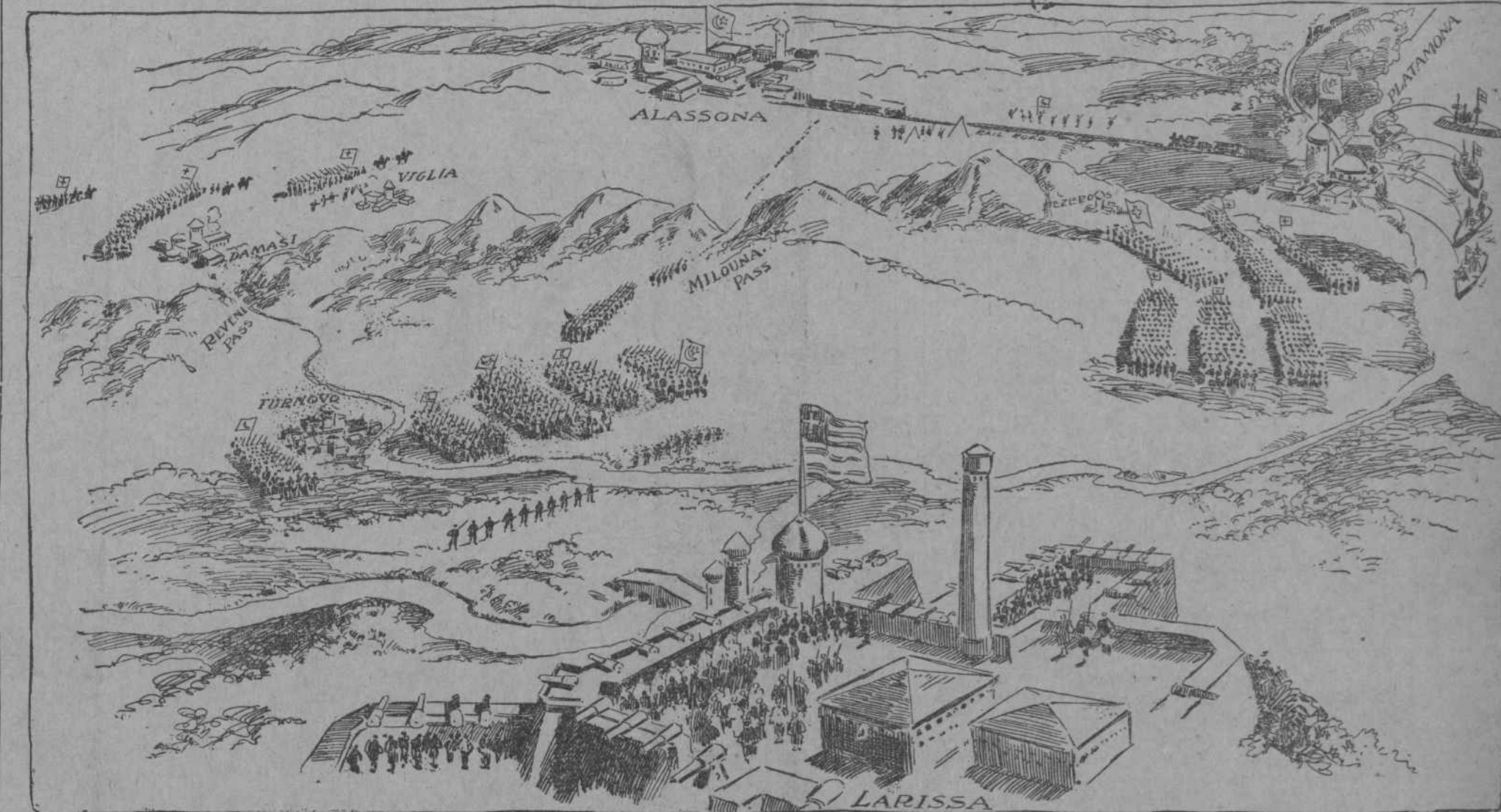
"We have kept all our positions, and the situation to-day is excellent. Every road by which the Turks can descend into the Thessalian plain has been secured by

the concentration of our troops. "I cannot wire at greater length now. I am fighting myself. So is Prince Nicholas."

The absence of definite news to-day from Ellassona, the headquarters of the Turkish forces in Macedonia, is giving rise to the belief that Edhem Pasha is suppressing all dispatches.

The whole situation at Larissa now appears changed by the tenacity with which the Greeks are holding Reveni Pass. They may soon turn Edhem Pasha's position and cut off his communications with Ellassona.

After Turnovo Was Taken.
The Turkish occupation of Turnovo yesterday was only accomplished by desperate fighting on both sides. To-day the Muslims attempted to secure the post of



PRINCE CONSTANTINE'S STRATEGIC TRIANGLE ENCOMPASSING EDEM BEY.

Twenty thousand Greek troops will co-operate with the fleet which bombarded Platamona to destroy the Dedeagatch-Salonica Railroad, and capture Ellassona, Edhem Pasha's base of supplies. General Smolenski has burned Damasi and is moving toward Ellassona from the west. Prince Constantine is at Larissa with 35,000 men. If the movements of the Greeks on Ellassona are successful Constantine will be opposed only by an army which will be without provisions or fresh supplies of ammunition.

the Prophet Eli, on the road to Larissa, but they were repulsed.

After the retreat at Gutzovall the Crown Prince massed his troops and made an inspiring rallying speech, which produced great effect.

The Turks have occupied all the positions on the plain of Larissa, with the single exception of the Prophet Eli post. News is expected of a decisive battle at Larissa.

The Turks captured Krichora, a Greek village, and with it many prisoners and a large store of arms and ammunition. Badji, another village, has been lost by the

In Thessaly the whole population is being armed and made ready. Next week thousands will start for the frontier from the provinces, long famous for the fine quality of their fighting men.

SHELL TURKISH TOWNS.

Greek Ships Do Effective Work at
Platamona and Pre-
veza.

Athens, April 21.—The Greek fleet to-

day bombarded Platamona, on the west shore of the Gulf of Salonica.

The Greek fleet also bombarded the town of Lephokarya, adjoining Platamona.

The powder magazine of the Turks at Platamona was exploded by a Greek shell, causing much damage and loss of life to the enemy.

The squadron will proceed to Katerina, fifteen miles north of Platamona, and a little over thirty miles from Salonica.

The bombardment of Preveza, at the entrance of the Gulf of Arta, has been very heavy since early this morning.

The Turkish garrison there has been completely isolated by the advance of the Greek troops.

The Greek ironclad Spetzai, which has been taking part in the bombardment of the Turkish fortifications at Preveza, has been ordered to Tsagheri, in the Gulf of Volo.

The Porte's officials at Salonica are vigilantly looking out for the Greek fleet, having been informed that the war vessels of Greece have been ordered to make an attempt to seize that city, which is the base of Turkish supplies for the armies operating against the Greeks.

Lookouts have been stationed on all the prominent headlands and points of vantage overlooking the bay, with instructions to immediately report the appearance of the Greek fleet.

The harbor has been thoroughly mined, a number of torpedo boats have been stationed in well selected places, the entrance of the harbor, from Cape Kara to the mainland of Macedonia, is strewn with torpedoes, and large quantities of ammunition have been sent to all the batteries.

There are rumors that a Turkish fleet has left the Dardanelles for this place and that it will give battle to the Greek fleet in the bay. A number of Greek irregulars who have been brought here as prisoners, having been captured at Demir Hisar, were found to have quantities of explosives in their possession.

More Fighting at Damasi.

Ever since dawn fierce fighting has been going on in the plains of Damasi. While the victory is not yet decisive, the great advantage is, so far, with the Greek forces.

General Smolenski is pushing forward into Turkish territory with great success. The most important posts which command the plain are now held by his troops.

After Damasi was burned and abandoned by the Greeks a force of Turks took up a position there. A Greek brigade advancing from Bonghese late this afternoon opened fire upon the Turks thus entrenched. The cannonading by the Greeks is still going on.

Two posts, Ligaria and Karatzo, which are of little importance from a strategic point of view, have been occupied by the Turks. On the other hand the Greeks are in a strong position in the Slati hills.

Greeks Burn Damasi.

The day opened with the Greek army still occupying Damasi, but the attack of the Turks was not long delayed. Heavy cannonading by the Sultan's artillery failed to dislodge the Greeks.

The latter, by desperate fighting, repulsed the attacks made upon the town. Encouraged by the splendid work of the soldiers under his command, General Smolenski ordered that Damasi be burned, and prepared to march his forces to the plains.

The advance of the Greeks was early marked by victories. Three Turkish positions at Nezeros fell into their hands in rapid succession.

Hurrying Troops to the Front.

All the shops in Athens were closed to-day, while prayers were being offered in the churches for the success of the Greek troops.

Every nerve is being strained to send all available men to the front. The palace guard and the gendarmes will go to-morrow. Volunteer bands are now organizing everywhere throughout the country.

KING BLAMES POWERS.

Greece's Ruler Says Turkey Received
Orders to Attack—Other
Views.

Paris, April 21.—The correspondent of Le Journal at Athens had an interview

GARIBALDI TO FIGHT.

Son of the Italian Patriot Will
Draw His Sword for
Greece.

Rome, April 21.—Ricciotti Garibaldi, son of the famous General Garibaldi, accompanied by a Garibaldian veteran, Colonel Gattorno, has sailed for Greece, where he will take part in the war against the Turks.

Several steamers at various places along the Italian coast are embarking men who have volunteered their services to Greece for the war.

GREEKS' STRONG FIGHT.

Edhem Pasha Gaining Little—Must
Divide His Army if He
Takes Larissa.

Washington, April 21.—The Greco-Turkish campaign shows little change in the relative positions of the armies during the past twenty-four hours. It seems plain that the Turks are pressing on steadily toward Larissa, which, as has been stated in these dispatches, is strategically untenable. Never in the history of Greece, even when she was the most civilized of nations, has an invasion been repelled in Thessaly. The Salamonic flows through a rolling plain, incapable of adequate defence against a foe superior in numbers and artillery.

The highest hills around Melouna Pass are barely 500 feet above sea level. Melouna Pass has never been considered a stronghold. Its approaches are easier from the north than from the south. The inveterate barbarians of ancient history always forced it, and so it fell in this war. The Austrian engineers who selected the Chassia hills as the northern boundary instead of the Olympian line, to which Greece was entitled by the Berlin treaty, had an eye to its poor strategic value, and left Greece practically defenceless against northwestern invasion.

The Greeks now have a second line of temporary defence stretching from West

Continued on Second Page.

BATTLING IN THE WEST.

Greeks Forcing the Turks Back with Heavy Loss---Will Strike at Yanina.

By Sidney Roberts Burleigh.

ARTA, April 21.—The artillery duel across the river at this place to-day has been tremendous. All day the heavy guns in the small Turkish forts opposite the town have roared in a thundering choir, and the Greek fortifications have kept up a steady response.

No especial advantage has been gained so far by either side in this play of heavy metal, although Arta is in ruins. Here and there arises the smoke of a smouldering fire. The inhabitants have fled. Wounded Greek soldiers are everywhere.

There are hastily improvised hospitals scattered about the town, and these are filled with the maimed. For the greater part they are well taken care of. A staff of a dozen or more physicians is kept moving day and night. The Red Cross people had two ambulances going this morning, but one of them was shattered by a cannon ball and the wounded Greek soldier inside was killed.

The Turks have also suffered greatly. Away off across the river we could see them burying their dead at dawn.

Advanced Into Turkish Territory.

Before sunrise the Ninth Regiment was in line ready for work. By boat we advanced across the river into Turkish territory, forming on the far side under the high shelter of the bank.

At the word the Greeks swung out into the open and charged a line of small Turkish forts in a forest half a kilometre in advance.

Before the Greeks had covered half the distance the forts opened fire, using five and ten pounders and rifles. The fire was well directed and effective.

The Greeks fixed bayonets as they ran and swung right up to the line of fortifications in rather bad order, but with a wild valor that carried them pell mell over the parapets.

In a few minutes they had carried three of the forts, and the Turks after firing a few shots fell back from the others.

Afterward I went out with a strong reconnoitring party of Greek cavalry. We rode across the open country to the village of Neochoris, which we found strongly defended by Albanians.

Swept the Turks Away.

They refused to surrender and the Greeks attacked at once. The town was swept clear, with the exception of one house, which was held by forty-five Albanians. They also refused to surrender. Orders were given to fire upon them. They replied to the fire with great valor, and above the shrill rattle of the guns we could hear them singing as they fought. All but one died fighting. After this we rode over ditches filled in places with the bodies of Turks. Crossing an open plain we came within about a mile of the Turkish village of Kiro, when, around a bend of the road in front, came a body of Turkish cavalry led by Ali Bey.

With fine precision they wheeled into line and began a rapid fire that drove the Greeks back to the plain of Neochoris.

In all these engagements the Greeks showed great dash and courage. To-morrow artillery will advance to attack the villages on the plain where to-day's reconnoitring took place.

The plan is to turn the Turkish wing and open the road to Yanina.

To-day Turkish troops, protected by the cannon on the hills, attempted to cross the bridge into Arta. This was prevented by the splendid work of the Greek sharpshooters. To-day's victory was earned notwithstanding the presence of German officers on the Turkish side.

I shall go with the Greek troops that are getting into position to advance in the morning.

VICTORY FOR GREEKS.

Manos and His Army Capture Phil-
ippiada, and Will Move
on Yanina.

Arta, April 21.—The Greek forces in the west are still gaining victories. Colonel Manos, in command of the Greek army,

operating against the Turks in Epirus, telegraphs to Athens that he has destroyed Inaret Fort and has advanced without opposition to Philippia, which place the Turks abandoned after burning it. Colonel Manos has hoisted the Greek flag over Philippia.

The Greeks have fortified many places in Epirus and are continuing their march on Yanina.